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NOTES OF CASES.

ROLLING STOCK OF FOREIGN RAILROAD NOT SUBJECT TO ATTACHMENT.—The Circuit Court of the city of Richmond (Judge Scott presiding) recently decided in *Chalkley v. R., F. & P. R. R.* that the rolling stock of a foreign railroad was not subject to attachment in this State. Counsel for the railroad contended that the attachment should be dismissed, because to allow attachment of rolling stock (1) would interfere with the performance of the contract for the use of the rolling stock between the owners of the same and the resident company, on whose tracks it was attached; (2) it is in violation of public policy; (3) and an interference with interstate commerce. Among the cases relied on were *Wall v. N. & W. R. R. Company*, 44 S. E. 294; *Conway v. Q. O. & R. C. R. R. Company*, 99 N. W. 365.

TAXES—STATE TAXATION OF PROPERTY IN THE HANDS OF TRUSTEE IN BANKRUPTCY.—Property in the hands of a trustee in bankruptcy is not exempted from liability to State taxation by the bankruptcy act of July 1, 1898 (30 Stat. at L. 548, chap. 541, U. S. Comp. Stat. 1901, p. 3418). *Swarts, Trustee, v. Hammer*, 24 Sup. Ct. 695.

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW—VALIDITY OF STATE LOCAL OPTION LAW—EQUAL PROTECTION OF THE LAWS.—A State local option law does not deny a retail liquor dealer the equal protection of the laws because it excepts from its operation druggists, manufacturers, persons who give away liquors in their private dwellings, and railway corporations dispensing liquors in dining and buffet cars under State license.

State of Ohio v. Dollison, 24 Sup. Ct. 703. See *Savages' Case*, 84 Va. 619, 5 S. E. 565, as to constitutionality of local option laws.

CONTRACTS—IMPAIRMENT OF OBLIGATION—CHANGE OF LAW RESPECTING REDEMPTION FROM FORECLOSURE SALE.—No contract right of an independent purchaser at a foreclosure sale, who has no other connection with the mortgage contract than that arising from his purchase for a sum sufficient to pay the mortgage debt, is impaired by changes in the law subsequent to the execution of the mortgage, but prior to the sale, with reference to the time of redemption and the rate of interest payable in order to redeem.

Hooker v. Burr et als., 24 Sup. Ct. 706.

MERCHANDISE—SALE OF STOCK IN BULK.—A law of Utah passed in 1901 (substantially the same as our Act—Acts 1902-'3-'4, p. 884), provided that a sale of any portion of a stock of merchandise out of the ordinary course of trade, or a sale of an entire stock in bulk, is fraudulent and void